VETERINARY TELEMEDICINE: WEARABLE AND WIRELESS SYSTEMS FOR CATTLE HEALTH ASSESSMENT

S. Warren⁺, L. Nagl⁺, S. Schoenig⁺, D. Gelinas^o, K. Smith⁺, B. Krishnamurthi^o, T. Epp[‡], H. Erickson[‡], D. Poole[‡], M. Spire[‡], and D. Andresen^o Engineering ⁺Electrical & Computer Engineering, Kansas State University (KSU); ⁺College of Veterinary Medicine, KSU; ^oComputing & Information Sciences, KSU

Project Motivation and Overview

K-STATE

Both *human* and *veterinary* medicine can benefit from wearable, wireless monitoring technologies that continuously assess patient state of health. The prototype cattle monitoring system presented here is a product of applied research that will enable the veterinary community to react to and predict disease onset and spread. The system employs wearable and ingestible sensors that acquire physiological, activity, and environmental parameters. Data from these sensors are collected by a low-power, embedded data logger worn by an animal These data are then collated into a stream that can be periodically uploaded wirelessly to a base station and/or handheld computer that comes within close proximity to each animal.

Base stations will exist near cattle congregation points such as feed bunks and watering tanks. Algorithms currently under development will perform preliminary stateof-health analyses on local data prior to uploading feedlot/ranch summary data to regional databases, where these data can then be correlated with weather patterns and herd health information provided by other producers. Substantive findings will be broadcast to veterinary personnel, producers, and government authorities. This approach has the potential to improve the financial stability of the livestock industry while simultaneously raising our level of preparedness for epidemiological disasters, whether from natural or terrorist events.

Local Data Flow



Information Network







requirements and implementation barriers. The goal in either scenario is to move from a reactive/episodic care model to a preventative/predictive model, where continuous monitoring and trend analysis constitute a care delivery norm.

Shared Requirements

- Low-cost wearable & remote sensors
- Health prediction based on trend data
- Subjects: may be unable to interact intelligently with devices
- Surety: security, usability, and reliability

Technical and Non-Technical Challenges

- Economic feasibility Sensor selection/placement -
- Data interpretation

Human and Veterinary Telemedicine: Shared Requirements & Challenges

Large-scale telemedicine networks, whether designed for human or animal monitoring environments, share design

- Battery life
- Packaging
- Patient Compliance
- Data integrity Usability
 - Industry acceptance



This material is based upon work supported by the National Science Foundation under grants ITR-0205487, BES-0093916 and EPS-9874732 (with matching support from the State of Kansas).